"THE BELOW CONSTITUTED SUMMARY IS PREPARED BY THE STAFF OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND IS NOT THE EXPRESSION OF THE LEGISLATION'S SPONSOR(S) OR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, IT IS STRICTLY FOR THE INTERNAL USE AND BENEFIT OF MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED BY A COURT OF LAW AS AN EXPRESSION OF LEGISLATIVE INTERNT".

# REPORT OF THE PROPERTY TAX SUBCOMMITTEE

(G.R. Smith, Clyburn, Merrill, Bales & Clemmons - Staff Contact: Kenzie Riddle)

# **SENATE BILL 460**

S. 460 -- Senator Campsen: A BILL TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, BY ADDING SECTION 12-43-370 SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT A COUNTY IN THIS STATE MAY ALLOW A TAXPAYER THE OPTION TO RECEIVE CERTAIN PROPERTY TAX BILLS AND RECEIPTS IN ELECTRONIC FORM, TO REQUIRE A PARTICIPATING COUNTY TO MAINTAIN PROOF THAT AN EMAIL WAS SENT TO A TAX PAYER, AND TO REQUIRE A PARTICIPATING COUNTY TO CREATE AN APPLICATION PROCESS AND TO PUBLISH THE APPLICATION PROCESS.

Summary of Bill:

The bill allows a taxpayer to elect to receive certain property tax bills and receipts in electronic form. Any participating county will need to create and publish an application process on their website.

Introduced: 01/10/2014

Received by Ways and Means: 01/10/2014

Estimated Fiscal Impact:

The responding county governments indicate this bill would require additional expenditures, but could not place a dollar amount on the amount of expenses to be incurred. Additionally, the provisions of this bill apply only to the counties wishing to provide certain electronic tax bills and receipts to taxpayers. Therefore, the Office of Revenue and Fiscal Affairs could not provide an estimate of the expenditure impact on county governments.

Subcommittee Recommendation:

Favorable with amendment

Full Committee Recommendation:

Pending

Other Notes/Comments:

Amendment would allow for agricultural real property that is being assessed is transferred to another person, and the new owner says the use of the property will not change, then the property must continue to be assessed as agricultural property. The amendment also allows the Department of Revenue to file and index tax liens to the public over the Internet or through other means the department considers appropriate.

# HOUSE AMENDMENT

# THIS AMENDMENT ADOPTED

ALL	EN	/PAIR
MAY	11	, 2016

**CLERK OF THE HOUSE** 

PROPERTY TAX SUBCOMMITTEE PROPOSES THE FOLLOWING AMENDMENT NO. TO S. 460 (COUNCIL\DKA\460C004.DKA.SA16):

REFERENCE IS TO PRINTER'S DATE 3/24/15--S.

AMEND THE BILL, AS AND IF AMENDED, BY ADDING APPROPRIATELY NUMBERED SECTIONS TO READ:

/ SECTION \_. A. SECTION 12-54-122(G) OF THE 1976 CODE IS AMENDED BY ADDING AN APPROPRIATELY NUMBERED ITEM AT THE END TO READ:

"() Instead of the filing of the tax lien notice pursuant to item (1), the department MAY IMPLEMENT A SYSTEM OF FILING AND INDEXING LIENS WHICH MUST BE ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC OVER THE INTERNET OR THROUGH OTHER MEANS AS THE DEPARTMENT CONSIDERS APPROPRIATE. THE LIENS FILED PURSUANT TO THIS ITEM ARE EFFECTIVE STATEWIDE FROM THE DATE AND TIME THEY ARE RECORDED AND ENCUMBER ALL THE TAXPAYER'S PROPERTY AND RIGHTS TO PROPERTY AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 12-54-120, REGARDLESS OF THE PROPERTY'S LIENS FILED UNDER ITEM (1) LOCATION. CONTINUE TO BE EFFECTIVE FROM THE DATE AND TIME THEY WERE RECORDED. NOTHING IN THIS ITEM MAY BE CONSTRUED SO AS TO EXTEND THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE LIEN BEYOND TEN YEARS FROM THE DATE OF FILING, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 12-54-120."

B. THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT JULY 1, 2016. /

SECTION \_. A. ARTICLE 3, CHAPTER 43, TITLE 12 OF THE 1976 CODE IS AMENDED BY ADDING:

# "SECTION 12-43-235. (A)

NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, IF AGRICULTURAL REAL PROPERTY BEING ASSESSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43-220(D), IS TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER PERSON, AND THE NEW OWNER CERTIFIES THAT THE USE OF THE PROPERTY WILL NOT CHANGE, THEN THE CERTIFICATION IS CONSIDERED TO BE AN APPLICATION FOR THE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43-220(D), AND THE PROPERTY MUST CONTINUE TO BE ASSESSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43-220(D), UNLESS THE PROPERTY DOES NOT OTHERWISE QUALIFY.

- (B) THE ASSESSOR OF EACH COUNTY SHALL DEVELOP A FORM BY WHICH A PERSON MAY MAKE A CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (A).
- (C)(1) IF AGRICULTURAL REAL PROPERTY IS SOLD OR IS CONVEYED IN A MANNER IN WHICH AN ATTORNEY IS REQUIRED BY LAW TO CLOSE THE TRANSACTION, THE CLOSING ATTORNEY MUST PROVIDE THE NEW OWNER WITH THE

CERTIFICATION FORM DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (B), AND THE NEW OWNER MUST SIGN AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT DECLARING RECEIPT OF THE CERTIFICATION FORM.

- (2) IF AGRICULTURAL REAL PROPERTY IS TRANSFERRED BY A DEED OF DISTRIBUTION OR THROUGH ANY OTHER METHOD OF PROBATE, BEFORE CLOSING THE ESTATE, THE PROBATE COURT MUST PROVIDE THE NEW OWNER WITH THE CERTIFICATION FORM DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (B), AND THE NEW OWNER MUST SIGN AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT DECLARING RECEIPT OF THE CERTIFICATION FORM.
- (D) IF THE ASSESSOR DOES NOT RECEIVE A SIGNED CERTIFICATION FORM FROM THE NEW OWNER WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF THE TRANSFER, THE ASSESSOR MUST NOTIFY THE NEW OWNER OF THE IMPENDING CHANGE IN ASSESSMENT RATIO UNLESS THE NEW OWNER MAKES THE CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (A), OR OTHERWISE APPLIES TO BE ASSESSED

PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43-220(D). THIS INCLUDE NOTIFICATION MUST THE AND **FORM** INFORMATION CERTIFICATION REGARDING THE MANNER IN WHICH A PERSON MAY APPLY TO BE ASSESSED PURSUANT SECTION 12-43-220(D). IF THE ASSESSOR DOES NOT RECEIVE A RESPONSE FROM THE NEW OWNER WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF INITIALLY NOTIFYING THE NEW OWNER, THE ASSESSOR MUST NOTIFY THE NEW OWNER AGAIN IN THE SAME MANNER."

B. This section takes effect upon approval by the Governor and applies to property tax years beginning after 2015. /

RENUMBER SECTIONS TO CONFORM.

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM.



# SOUTH CAROLINA REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT (803)734-0640 • RFA.SC.GOV/IMPACTS

Bill Number:

S. 0460

As amended by Senate Finance on March 10, 2015

Author:

Campsen

Requestor:

Senate Finance

Date:

March 12, 2015

Subject:

Tax bills

RFA Analyst(s):

Wren

**Estimate of Fiscal Impact** 

	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17		
State Expenditure				
General Fund	N/A	N/A		
Other and Federal	N/A	N/A		
Full-Time Equivalent Position(s)	0.00	0.00		
State Revenue				
General Fund	N/A	N/A		
. Other and Federal	N/A	N/A		
Local Expenditure	Insufficient data	N/A		
Local Revenue	N/A	N/A		

## **Fiscal Impact Summary**

The responding county governments indicate this bill would require additional expenditures, but could not place a dollar amount on the amount of expenses to be incurred. Additionally, the provisions of this bill apply only to the counties wishing to provide certain electronic tax bills and receipts to taxpayers. Therefore, our office cannot provide an estimate of the expenditure impact on county governments.

# **Explanation of Fiscal Impact**

State Expenditure

N/A

State Revenue

N/A

Local Expenditure

Explanation of Amendment (March 10, 2015) – By the Finance Property Taxation Subcommittee

This amendment would strike Section 12-43-370(B) and insert changes which provide that the provisions of this Section are only for the counties wishing to provide certain electronic tax bills and receipts to taxpayers.

The Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office contacted all forty-six county governments regarding the expenditure impact of this bill and received responses from eight counties.

Charleston County. Charleston County reports this bill would likely require additional staffing.

Cherokee County. Cherokee County reports this bill could likely save on printing and postage costs, but would require the expenditure of additional funds for software and administration.

Clarendon County. Clarendon County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and labor.

Florence County. Florence County reports this bill would save on postage.

Greenwood County. Greenwood County indicates this bill would potentially require the expenditure of additional funds for administration.

**Saluda County**. Saluda County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and possibly additionally employees.

Williamsburg County. Williamsburg County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and labor.

York County. York County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and internal overhead.

Seven of the eight responding county governments indicate this bill would require additional expenditures, but could not place a dollar amount on the amount of expenses to be incurred. Additionally, the provisions of this bill apply only to the counties wishing to provide certain electronic tax bills and receipts to taxpayers. Therefore, our office cannot provide an estimate of the expenditure impact on county governments.

## Explanation of Update (March 10, 2015)

The Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office received additional responses from county governments regarding the expenditure impact of this bill. Additional responses were received from Charleston, Cherokee and Clarendon Counties.

Charleston County. Charleston County reports this bill would likely require additional staffing.

**Cherokee County**. Cherokee County reports this bill could likely save on printing and postage costs, but would require the expenditure of additional funds for software and administration.

Clarendon County. Clarendon County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and labor.

Florence County. Florence County reports this bill would save on postage.

Greenwood County. Greenwood County indicates this bill would potentially require the expenditure of additional funds for administration.

**Saluda County**. Saluda County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and possibly additionally employees.

Williamsburg County. Williamsburg County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and labor.

York County. York County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and internal overhead.

Seven of the eight responding county governments indicate this bill would require additional expenditures, but could not place a dollar amount on the amount of expenses to be incurred. Therefore, our office cannot provide an estimate of the expenditure impact on county governments.

Explanation of Bill filed February 17, 2015

This bill adds Section 12-43-370, which allows a taxpayer the option to receive certain property tax bills and receipts in electronic form. Each county may determine to which classes of property this provision applies. Also, participating counties must create an application process to allow taxpayers to submit email addresses and must publish the application process on the county's website.

The Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office contacted all forty-six county governments regarding the expenditure impact of this bill and received responses from five counties.

Florence County. Florence County reports this bill would save on postage.

**Greenwood County**. Greenwood County indicates this bill would potentially require the expenditure of additional funds for administration.

**Saluda County**. Saluda County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and possibly additionally employees.

Williamsburg County. Williamsburg County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and labor.

York County. York County reports this bill would require the expenditure of additional funds on software and internal overhead.

Four of the five responding county governments indicate this bill would require additional expenditures, but could not place a dollar amount on the amount of expenses to be incurred. Therefore, our office cannot provide an estimate of the expenditure impact on county governments.

Local Revenue

N/A

Frank A. Rainwater, Executive Director

### **South Carolina General Assembly**

121st Session, 2015-2016

#### S. 460

#### STATUS INFORMATION

General Bill

Sponsors: Senator Campsen

Document Path: 1:\council\bills\dka\3066sa15.docx

Introduced in the Senate on February 17, 2015 Introduced in the House on April 14, 2015 Last Amended on March 24, 2015 Currently residing in the House Committee on **Ways and Means** 

Summary: Tax bills

#### HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS

Date	Body	Action Description with journal page number
2/17/2015	Senate	Introduced and read first time (Senate Journal-page 7)
2/17/2015	Senate	Referred to Committee on Finance (Senate Journal-page 7)
3/18/2015	Senate	Committee report: Favorable with amendment Finance (Senate Journal-page 12)
3/24/2015	Senate	Committee Amendment Adopted (Senate Journal-page 18)
3/24/2015	Senate	Read second time (Senate Journal-page 18)
3/24/2015	Senate	Roll call Ayes-39 Nays-0 (Senate Journal-page 18)
3/26/2015	Senate	Read third time and sent to House (Senate Journal-page 24)
4/14/2015	House	Introduced and read first time (House Journal-page 33)
4/14/2015	House	Referred to Committee on Ways and Means (House Journal-page 33)

View the latest legislative information at the website

#### **VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

2/17/2015

3/18/2015

3/24/2015

1	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT ADOPTED	
2	March 24, 2015	
3		
4		S. 460
5		
6	Introduced by Senator Campsen	
7		
8	S. Printed 3/24/15S.	
9	Read the first time February 17, 2015.	
10	λ.	

### A BILL

11 TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 12 1976, BY ADDING SECTION 12-43-370 SO AS TO PROVIDE 13 THAT A COUNTY IN THIS STATE MAY ALLOW A 14 TAXPAYER THE OPTION TO RECEIVE CERTAIN 15 PROPERTY TAX BILLS AND RECEIPTS IN ELECTRONIC 16 FORM, TO REQUIRE A PARTICIPATING COUNTY TO 17 MAINTAIN PROOF THAT AN EMAIL WAS SENT TO A TAX 18 PAYER, AND TO REQUIRE A PARTICIPATING COUNTY TO 19 CREATE AN APPLICATION PROCESS AND TO PUBLISH 20 THE APPLICATION PROCESS.

Amend Title To Conform

23 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South 24 Carolina:

26 SECTION 1. Article 3, Chapter 43, Title 12 of the 1976 Code is 27 amended by adding:

"Section 12-43-370. (A) A county may allow a taxpayer to elect to receive his property tax bill and receipt in electronic form, and if the taxpayer makes the election, the county shall email the property tax bill and receipt each year unless the taxpayer elects to no longer obtain his bill and receipt electronically. The date the property tax bill or receipt is sent electronically is considered the date the bill or receipt is mailed. Each county may determine to which classes of property this section applies. The county shall maintain a record of the taxpayer's election to participate and retain the date of the electronic transmission of the property tax bill or receipt as proof they were sent. This section does not apply to delinquent notices.

41 (B) Each county electing to utilize the provisions of this section 42 shall create an application process to allow a taxpayer to submit his

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1 email address to the county. A county electing to utilize the 2 provisions of this section shall advertise the application process for 3 two weeks in a newspaper printed and circulated in the county and 4 may publish the application process on the county's website or on 5 the property tax bill.

7 SECTION 2. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.
8 ----XX----

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